

# The Total Synthesis of Salvinolone

Yuan Tian,<sup>a</sup> Ning Chen,<sup>a</sup> Hui Wang,<sup>a</sup> Xin-Fu Pan,<sup>\*,a</sup> Xiao-Jiang Hao<sup>b</sup> and Chang-Xiang Chen<sup>b</sup>

*J. Chem. Research (S)*,  
1997, 33  
*J. Chem. Research (M)*,  
1997, 0314–0320

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, National Laboratory of Applied Organic Chemistry, Lanzhou University, Lanzhou 730000, P. R. China

<sup>b</sup>Laboratory of Phytochemistry, Kunming Institute of Botany, Academia Sinica, Kunming 650204, P. R. China

Salvinolone **1** is synthesized in seven steps starting from the readily available enone **3**.

Based on our previous studies on the syntheses of tricyclic diterpenes we now report the total synthesis of salvinolone **1**<sup>1</sup> which is a natural abietane-type diterpene.

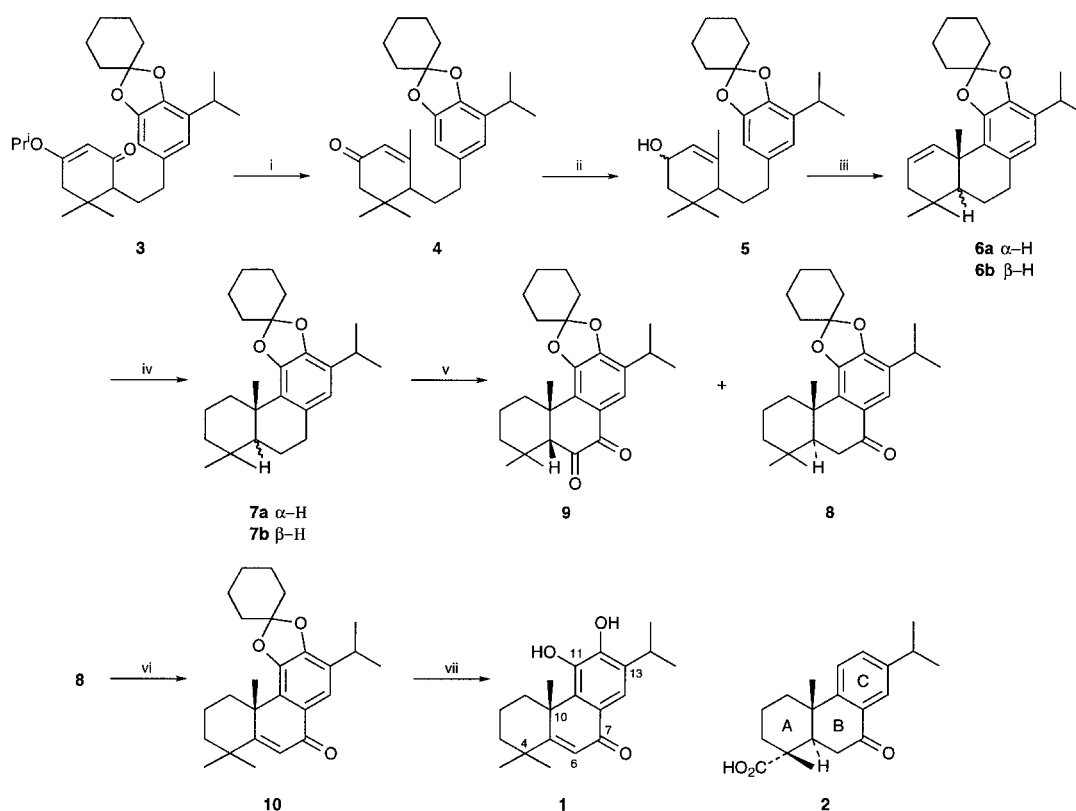
As shown in Scheme 1, the known<sup>3</sup> enone **3** was methylated by MeLi to afford compound **4** which was reduced by NaBH<sub>4</sub> in the presence of CeCl<sub>3</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O<sup>4</sup> to afford the corresponding unsaturated alcohol **5**. Stereoselective cyclization of **5** with a solution of phosphorus pentoxide in methanesulfonic acid<sup>5</sup>

Techniques used: IR, <sup>1</sup>H NMR, MS, column chromatography, TLC

References: 11

Schemes: 3

Received, 19th August 1996; Accepted, 29th October 1996  
Paper E/6/05751I



**Scheme 1** Reagents and conditions: i, MeLi (100%); ii, NaBH<sub>4</sub>, CeCl<sub>3</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O (80%); iii, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, MeSO<sub>3</sub>H (95%); iv, H<sub>2</sub>, 5% Pd-C (100%); v, CrO<sub>3</sub>-HOAc-H<sub>2</sub>O (22 and 70%); vi, DDQ, MeOH (87%); vii, BBr<sub>3</sub> (33%)

gave an inseparable mixture of diastereoisomers. A 3:1 ratio of *trans*-isomer **6a** to *cis*-isomer **6b** was shown in the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum. The stereochemistry of the *cis*-fused AB rings in **6b** was indicated by characteristic signals at 0.85 ppm.<sup>6</sup> Catalytic hydrogenation of **6** by 5% Pd-C afforded a mixture of **7a** and **7b** which was directly oxidized with CrO<sub>3</sub>-HOAc-H<sub>2</sub>O.<sup>7</sup> In this oxidation, the *trans*-fused **7a** was converted into the monoketone **8** and the *cis*-fused **7b** was converted into the diketone **9**. Then, **8** was refluxed with DDQ<sup>10</sup> in methanol to give α,β-unsaturated ketone **10**. Conversion of **10** into the target compound **1** was achieved by deprotection with BBr<sub>3</sub>.<sup>11</sup>

\*To receive any correspondence.

## References cited in this synopsis

- 1 L. Z. Lin, G. Blasko and G. A. Cordell, *Phytochemistry*, 1989, **28**, 177.
- 2 X. L. Wang, Y. X. Cui and X. F. Pan, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1994, **35**, 423.
- 3 J. L. Luche, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1978, **100**, 2226.
- 4 B. W. Axon, B. R. Davis and P. D. Woodgate, *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1*, 1981, 2956.
- 5 E. Wenkert, A. Afonso, P. Berk, R. W. J. Carney, P. W. Jeffs and J. D. McChesney, *J. Org. Chem.*, 1965, **30**, 713.
- 6 R. Zhou, X. F. Wang, Y. Tian and X. F. Pan, *Chin. Chem. Lett.*, 1995, **6**, 657.
- 7 J. W. A. Findlay and A. B. Turner, *J. Chem. Soc. C*, 1971, 547.
- 8 J. F. Mcomie, M. L. Watts and D. E. West, *Tetrahedron*, 1968, **24**, 2289.